# CITY OF DOS PALOS CALIFORNIA

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### CITY OF DOS PALOS CALIFORNIA

# **JUNE 30, 2022**

# **CITY COUNCIL**

Mayor April Hogue

Mayor pro-Tempore Thomas Pigg

Council Member Armando Bravo

Council Member Marcus Porter

Council Member Debbie Orlando

# **ADMINISTRATION**

City Manager / CEO Darrell Fonseca

(through March 30, 2022)

City Manager / CEO DeWayne Jones

(March 30, 2022 to June 30, 2022)

Director of Finance Manuela Sousa

Director of Public Works Gordon Bonds

Chief of Police Rich McEachin

Director of Utilities Craig Hackett

Fire Marshal Dewayne Jones

City Treasurer Lori Lima

# **CONSULTANTS**

City Engineer Garth Pecchenino

City Attorney Lozano Smith

Independent Auditor Price Paige & Company

Consulting Accountant James M. Stofle, CPA

# CITY OF DOS PALOS JUNE 30, 2022

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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Dos Palos, California

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dos Palos, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases . Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

570 N. Magnolia Avenue, Suite 100 Clovis, CA 93611

> tel 559.299.9540 fax 559.299.2344

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Contributions on pages 48-50, 51, and 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 11, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clovis, California August 11, 2023

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments:			
Unrestricted	\$ 1,229,814	\$ 1,580,511	\$ 2,810,325
Restricted	-	679,914	679,914
Receivables	1,120,893	846,185	1,967,078
Internal balances	1,326,191	(1,326,191)	-
Due from custodial funds	297,864	-	297,864
Inventory of supplies, at cost	225	3,595	3,820
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	1,310,750	3,003,874	4,314,624
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	3,848,285	1,386,726	5,235,011
Total assets	9,134,022	6,174,614	15,308,636
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pensions	533,290	359,556	892,846
Total deferred outflows of resources	533,290	359,556	892,846
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	33,655	265,185	298,840
Accrued liabilities	14,512	-	14,512
Salaries and benefits payable	109,557	-	109,557
Deposits payable	25	63,457	63,482
Accrued interest payable	_	6,630	6,630
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences payable	38,490	16,788	55,278
Notes payable	-	118,719	118,719
Finance purchases	45,484	10,816	56,300
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences payable	77,670	77,982	155,652
Notes payable	-	935,049	935,049
Finance purchases	116,487	12,252	128,739
Net pension liability	809,798	1,088,580	1,898,378
Total liabilities	1,245,678	2,595,458	3,841,136
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPCES			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows from pensions	720 206	1 021 076	1,760,462
Deferred lifflows from pensions	729,386	1,031,076	1,700,402
Total deferred inflows of resources	729,386	1,031,076	1,760,462
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,997,064	3,313,764	8,310,828
Restricted for:	1,001,001	0,010,101	0,010,020
Capital projects	_	679,914	679,914
Streets	1,538,138	-	1,538,138
Economic development	63,899	_	63,899
Housing rehab	536,823	-	536,823
Public safety	-	-	-
Unrestricted	556,324	(1,086,042)	(529,718)
Total net position	\$ 7,692,248	\$ 2,907,636	\$ 10,599,884

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues				xpenses) Revenu anges in Net Posi	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Parks Recreation Total governmental activities	\$ 268,157 1,400,921 529,466 103,816 19,317 2,321,677	\$ 157,498 14,665 - 10,740 182,903	\$ - 344,674 929,275 - - 1,273,949	\$ - 40,000 - - - 40,000	\$ (110,659) (1,001,582) 399,809 (103,816) (8,577) (824,825)	\$ - - - -	\$ (110,659) (1,001,582) 399,809 (103,816) (8,577) (824,825)
rotal governmental activities	2,321,077	102,903	1,273,949	40,000	(024,023)	<del></del>	(024,023)
Business-Type Activities: Water Sewer Refuse Total business-type activities Total primary government	1,156,350 1,106,749 889,986 3,153,085 \$ 5,474,762	697,781 1,044,963 711,824 2,454,568 \$ 2,637,471	- - - - \$ 1,273,949	892,592 - - 892,592 \$ 932,592		434,023 (61,786) (178,162) 194,075	434,023 (61,786) (178,162) 194,075 (630,750)
		Rental income	es ense taxes ovestment earnin e cue Plan Act (AF	,	928,844 545,238 30,815 100,288 6,440 (12,693) 3,500	8,992 - 982,474 (103,535)	928,844 545,238 30,815 100,288 6,440 (3,701) 3,500 982,474 (86,945)
		Total general re	venues		1,619,022	887,931	2,506,953
		Changes in net	position		794,197	1,082,006	1,876,203
		Net position - be	eginning, as resta	ited	6,898,051	1,825,630	8,723,681
		Net position - er	nding		\$ 7,692,248	\$ 2,907,636	\$ 10,599,884

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CITY OF DOS PALOS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Special		
	General Fund	Revenue Fund  Measure V  Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	¢ 107135	1	\$ 158.463	Ф 4 000 044
Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 1,071,35 390,58		\$ 158,463 645,323	\$ 1,229,814 1,120,893
Due from other funds	76,17	·	133,031	1,478,176
Due from custodial funds	297,86	4 -	-	297,864
Inventory of supplies, at cost	22	<u> </u>		225
Total assets	\$ 1,836,20	0 \$ 1,353,955	\$ 936,817	\$ 4,126,972
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 16,37	2 \$ -	\$ 17,283	\$ 33,655
Accrued liabilities	14,51		-	14,512
Salaries and benefits payable	109,55		-	109,557
Deposits payable	2	5 -	-	25
Due to other funds		<u>-</u>	151,985	151,985
Total liabilities	140,46	6	169,268	309,734
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenues		_ 30,091	67,712	97,803
Total deferred inflows of resources		_ 30,091	67,712	97,803
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)				
Nonspendable	229,55	8 -	-	229,558
Restricted:				
Street maintenance		- 1,323,864	161,446	1,485,310
Economic development Housing rehab			63,899 536,823	63,899 536,823
Unassigned	1,466,17	- 6 -	(62,331)	1,403,845
-				
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,695,73	4 1,323,864	699,837	3,719,435
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	\$ 1,836,20	0 \$ 1,353,955	\$ 936,817	\$ 4,126,972
resources, and fund balances (deficits)	ψ 1,000,20	<u>ψ 1,000,800</u>	ψ 300,017	Ψ 7,120,312

# CITY OF DOS PALOS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 3,719,435
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		5.450.005
		5,159,035
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, they are unavailable in the governmental		
funds.		97,803
Pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds. These amounts consist of:  Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	533,290 (729,386)	(196,096)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Finance purchases payable Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	(161,971) (116,160) (809,798)	(1,087,929)

7,692,248

Net position of governmental activities

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Special Revenue Fund Total Non-Major General Measure V Governmental Governmental Funds Fund Fund **Funds REVENUES** Property taxes 420,559 \$ \$ 420,559 Property taxes - in-lieu of vehicle license fees 508,283 508,283 Sales and use taxes 545,238 545,238 15,220 580,176 Other taxes 595,396 Intergovernmental 95,430 450,215 545,645 Licenses, fees and permits 209,292 209,292 14,983 14,983 Charges for services 186,403 186,403 Fines, forfeitures and penalties 4,965 4,965 Investment earnings (losses) (10,631)(2,062)(12,693)Total revenues 1,989,742 580,176 448,153 3,018,071 **EXPENDITURES** Current: General government 248,529 248,529 Public safety 1,593,372 274,607 1,867,979 Public works 320,540 913,383 283,218 309,625 **Parks** 63,500 63,500 Recreation 19,317 19,317 Debt service: 598 31,277 Principal 30,679 Interest 18,648 18,648 Total expenditures 2,294,585 584,830 283,218 3,162,633 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (304,843)296,958 (136,677)(144,562)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from capital leases 133,066 133,066 Total other financing sources (uses) 133,066 133,066 Net change in fund balances (171,777)296,958 (136,677)(11,496)Total fund balances - beginning, as restated 1,867,511 1,026,906 836,514 3,730,931

\$ 1,695,734

1,323,864

699,837

\$ 3,719,435

Fund balances - ending

# CITY OF DOS PALOS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

are unforcing because.		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (11,496)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, this is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and the loss on disposal of capital assets.		
Capital expenditures Depreciation expense	648,836 (203,551)	445,285
The governmental funds report debt proceeds as another financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure.		
Proceeds from finance purchases payable Payment of finance purchases payable	(133,066) 38,022	(95,044)
Changes to compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		18,321
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		97,803
Changes to net pension liability and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		 339,328
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 794,197

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments:					
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 1,580,511	\$ -	\$ 1,580,511	
Restricted	467,646	212,268	-	679,914	
Receivables	643,249	115,434	87,502	846,185	
Due from other funds Supplies inventory	3,595	72,894	-	72,894 3,595	
		4 004 407	07.500		
Total current assets	1,114,490	1,981,107	87,502	3,183,099	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:	2 002 074			2 002 074	
Non-depreciable  Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	3,003,874	1 145 000	90 566	3,003,874	
•	160,172	1,145,988	80,566	1,386,726	
Total noncurrent assets	3,164,046	1,145,988	80,566	4,390,600	
Total assets	4,278,536	3,127,095	168,068	7,573,699	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows from pensions	151,235	159,570	48,751	359,556	
Total deferred outflows of resources	151,235	159,570	48,751	359,556	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	183,817	28,602	52,766	265,185	
Deposits payable	25,505	19,293	18,659	63,457	
Accrued interest payable		6,630	-	6,630	
Current portion of compensated absences	7,133	8,894	761	16,788	
Current portion of finance purchases	5,408	5,408 118,719	-	10,816	
Current portion of notes payable  Due to other funds	1,166,748	110,719	232,337	118,719 1,399,085	
Due to other funds	1,100,140		202,007	1,000,000	
Total current liabilities	1,388,611	187,546	304,523	1,880,680	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	31,655	34,418	11,909	77,982	
Finance purchases	6,126	6,126	-	12,252	
Notes payable Net pension liability	457.262	935,049	146 157	935,049	
·	457,363	485,060	146,157	1,088,580	
Total noncurrent liabilities	495,144	1,460,653	158,066	2,113,863	
Total liabilities	1,883,755	1,648,199	462,589	3,994,543	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows from pensions	433,409	458,352	139,315	1,031,076	
Total deferred inflows of resources	433,409	458,352	139,315	1,031,076	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Net investment in capital assets	3,152,512	80,686	80,566	3,313,764	
Restricted for:	•	•	•	•	
Capital projects	467,646	212,268	-	679,914	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,507,551)	887,160	(465,651)	(1,086,042)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,112,607	\$ 1,180,114	\$ (385,085)	\$ 2,907,636	

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total		
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 158,999	\$ 911,009	711,824	\$ 1,781,832		
JPA operations and maintenance fees	538,783	133,954	, -	672,737		
Other	(103,550)	15		(103,535)		
Total operating revenues	594,232	1,044,978	711,824	2,351,034		
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services & benefits	615,620	706,009	127,703	1,449,332		
Repairs & maintenance	151,544	73,585	30,166	255,295		
Heat, light & power	95,069	85,610	-	180,679		
Depreciation	19,058	65,421	30,539	115,018		
Insurance	51,520	51,520	1,313	104,353		
Joint powers operating expenses	-	8,382	-	8,382		
Contractual services	91,819	46,534	690,895	829,248		
Other	130,756	35,877	9,370	176,003		
Total operating expenses	1,155,386	1,072,938	889,986	3,118,310		
Operating income (loss)	(561,154)	(27,960)	(178,162)	(767,276)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental grant	982,474	-	-	982,474		
Investment earnings	2,680	6,094	217	8,991		
Interest	(964)	(33,811)	-	(34,775)		
Capital grants	892,592			892,592		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,876,782	(27,717)	217	1,849,282		
Change in net position	1,315,628	(55,677)	(177,945)	1,082,006		
Total net position - beginning, as restated	796,979	1,235,791	(207,140)	1,825,630		
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,112,607	\$ 1,180,114	\$ (385,085)	\$ 2,907,636		

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers Cash received from grants	\$ 599,834 (531,235) (403,798) 123,259	\$ 1,031,821 (555,902) (288,105)	\$ 706,630 (122,737) (699,409)	\$ 2,338,285 (1,209,874) (1,391,312) 123,259	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(211,940)	187,814	(115,516)	(139,642)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities Cash received from grants (Loans) repayments to/from other funds  Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related	353,145 730,734	(72,894)	115,366	353,145 773,206	
financing activities	1,083,879	(72,894)	115,366	1,126,351	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Cash received from grants Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt	892,592 (1,738,973) (25,375) (964)	(97,620) (121,893) (34,542)	- - - -	892,592 (1,836,593) (147,268) (35,506)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(872,720)	(254,055)		(1,126,775)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest on investments	2,083	4,263	149	6,495	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	2,083	4,263	149	6,495	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	1,302	(134,872)	(1)	(133,571)	
Cash and investments, June 30, 2021	466,344	1,927,651	1	2,393,996	
Cash and investments, June 30, 2022	\$ 467,646	\$ 1,792,779	\$ -	\$ 2,260,425	

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

# Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				3		
		Water		Sewer	Refuse		Total
Operating income (loss)	\$	(561,154)	\$	(27,960)	\$ (178,162)	\$	(767,276)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		19,058		65,421	30,539		115,018
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in consumer receivables		129,161		(12,857)	(4,894)		111,410
(Increase) decrease in pension related deferred outflows		,		(,,	(1,001)		,
of resources		8,510		(3,972)	9,301		13,839
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		112,380		13,403	32,335		158,118
Increase (decrease) in inventory supplies		4,530		-	-		4,530
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(300)		(300)	(300)		(900)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(9,783)		(5,436)	(1,624)		(16,843)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(310,704)		(262,519)	(126,007)		(699,230)
Increase (decrease) in pension related deferred inflows							
of resources		396,362	_	422,034	 123,296		941,692
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(211,940)	\$	187,814	\$ (115,516)	\$	(139,642)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:							
Finance purchases	\$	19,637	\$	-	\$ 	\$	19,637

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	(	Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (in City investment pool)	\$	536,418
Receivables (net)		237,635
Due from other governments		17
Total assets		774,070
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		51,360
Due to the City		297,864
Due to public finance authority		169,668
Total liabilities		518,892
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		255,178
Total net position	\$	255,178

# CITY OF DOS PALOS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Utility collections	\$ 1,531,759
Total additions	1,531,759
DEDUCTIONS	
Disbursements to other entities	921,406
Professional services	124,343
Utilities	426
Water purchases	261,781
Supplies	19,502
Loan repayments	430,887
Total deductions	1,758,345
Change in fiduciary net position	(226,586)
Net position - beginning	481,764
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 255,178</u>

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of the City of Dos Palos (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's most significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financing reporting entity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), consists of the primary government, the City, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and any organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City provides contract billing services for several surrounding Special Districts and Joint Powers Agencies, whose funds are included in the City's pooled cash. The City does not have the ability to exercise influence over them, therefore these entities are reported in the accompanying financial statements as Custodial Funds in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements. These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they occur while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to/from other funds
- Advances to/from other funds
- Transfers in/out

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. Accompanying reconciliations are presented to explain the differences in fund balances and changes therein as presented in these statements to the net position and changes therein presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current and long-term financial assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, including revenues susceptible to accrual (generally received within 60 days after year-end. The primary revenue sources which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City are property tax, sales tax, franchise taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Measure V Fund** - This fund accounts for the City's portion of the ½ cent transportation sales tax and related expenditures for transportation maintenance and improvement projects.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major enterprise fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect) unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operation of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund types:

**Water Fund** - Accounts for the provision of water to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, distribution, maintenance, and debt service.

**Sewer Fund** - Accounts for the provision of wastewater collection and treatment services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, and debt service.

**Refuse Fund** - Accounts for the revenues and expenses for operation and maintenance of the solid waste system.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fiduciary fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB statement No. 34 for interfund activities, payable and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Positions have been eliminated except those representing balances between governmental activities and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total governmental column.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

**Custodial Funds** are funds held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals and entities outside of the government. This includes activity related to the various water districts within the City of Dos Palos' water distribution system in addition to the Joint Powers Authority and Public Finance Authority activity.

# C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

### **Cash Management**

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate cash management. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested and reported as investments. It is the City's intent to hold investments until maturity. However, the City may, in response to market conditions, sell investments prior to maturity in order to improve the quality, liquidity or yield of the portfolio. Interest earnings are apportioned among funds based on average daily accounting period, cash and investment balances.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of acquisition.

#### **Investments Valuation**

The City has adopted GASB statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and* Application; investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. *Recurring* fair value measurements are those that GASB Statement require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period.

#### State Investment Pool

The City participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), an investment pool managed by the State of California. LAIF has invested a portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as a result of changes in interest rates.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

#### **Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Disclosures (Amendment of GASB No. 3)*, certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks are specified in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk:

Overall

Custodial Credit Risk

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Foreign Currency Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

#### D. Interfund Balances/Internal Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

# E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, furniture, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. All purchased capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at the following:

General Capital Assets	\$ 5,000	)
Infrastructure Capital Assets	\$ 50,000	)

For all capital assets, depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	30-40 years
Furniture and Fixtures	
Machinery and Equipment	5-40 years
Water and Sewer Transmission,	•
Collection, and Distribution Lines	40-50 years
Infrastructure	40 years

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Capital Assets (Continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which allows for Phase III cities such as Dos Palos to recognize general infrastructure-capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements on a prospective basis only upon implementation. The City has chosen this approach and all general infrastructure assets acquired since July 1, 2003 are reported within these Basic Financial Statements.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, water and sewer systems, park land, and other similar items. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

The accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/acquisition to the current date was calculated on a straight-line method using industry accepted life expectancies for each infrastructure subsystem. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the original cost.

#### F. Interest Payable

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred.

#### G. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is that for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The City typically records intergovernmental revenues (primary grants and subventions) received but not earned (qualifying expenditures not yet incurred).

### H. Unavailable Revenue

In the governmental fund financial statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have been earned, but for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations.

#### I. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate vacation pay in varying amounts as services are provided. All outstanding vacation pay is payable upon termination of employment. In the governmental funds, the amount of vacation pay recognized during the year is the amount liquidated with expendable available financial resources. In the Proprietary Funds, the amount of vacation pay recognized is the amount earned during the year.

City employees accrue sick leave in varying amounts as services are provided. Sick leave benefits are vested 50% with employees. Accumulated vacation and compensated time are accrued, as appropriate, for all funds.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## J. Long-Term Obligations

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The governmental fund financial statements do not present general long-term debt but are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

With the exception of prepaid bond insurance costs, bond premiums and discounts, as well as other issuance costs, are recognized during the period in which it is incurred. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### K. Leases

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption as applicable.

#### L. Net Position and Fund Balance

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# L. <u>Net Position and Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

*Nonspendable* - This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to remain intact. For governmental funds, the current year balance represents long-term receivables (home loans) made by the City.

Restricted - This includes amounts with constraints placed on their use by those external to the City, including creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments. It also includes constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - This includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the City Council and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

# M. Net Position and Fund Balance Equity

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Assigned - This includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes. This intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making, the City Council, or by a body or an official designated for the purpose. This classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of the assigned fund balance amount.

Unassigned - This is the residual classification that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The City established a "rainy-day" fund that does not qualify as a stabilization arrangement in accordance with GASB54. The amounts are reserved for future unknown costs with the purpose of stabilizing large fluctuations in costs for budgetary purposes. At June 30, 2022 the amount of this reserve fund was \$126,050.

#### N. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### O. Property Tax Calendar

Property tax revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The assessment, levy and collection of property taxes are the responsibility of the County of Tulare. The City records property taxes as revenue when received from the County, except at year-end, when property taxes received within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year are "available" and, therefore, recognized as revenue.

Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied based on the assessed value as of January 1, lien date, of the preceding fiscal year. Secured property tax is levied on July 1 and due in two installments, on November 1 and February 1. Collection dates are December 10 and April 10, which are also the delinquent dates. Unsecured property tax is levied on July 1 and due on July 31, and has a collection date of August 31, which is also the delinquent date.

# P. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

# Q. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

The City provides no post-retirement health care benefits to employees who retire.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The City maintains a cash investment pool that is available for all funds. Each fund type balance in the pool is reflected on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on the average daily cash and investment balances.

#### A. Summary of Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Gover	nment-Wide		
	Statemen	t of Net Position	_	
	Government	al Business-Type	Fiduciary	
	Activities	Activities	Funds	Total
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 1,229,81	4 \$ 1,580,511 - 679,914	\$ 536,418 	\$ 3,346,743 679,914
Total cash and investments	\$ 1,229,81	4 \$ 2,260,425	\$ 536,418	\$ 4,026,657

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

# A. <u>Summary of Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Cash and investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Cash on hand	\$ 400
Deposits with financial institutions	773,236
Investments	 3,253,021
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,026,657

# B. <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City generally manages its interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the maturity date of each investment:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)				
Investment Type	Total	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More than 60 Months	
Local Agency Investment Fund CSJVRMA Pool	\$ 2,948,120 304,901	\$ 2,948,120 304,901	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	
Total	\$ 3,253,021	\$ 3,253,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

# C. <u>Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk</u>

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Rating as of Year-End		
		Exempt from	_	
Investment Type	Total	Disclosure	Not Rated	
Local Agency Investment Fund CSJVRMA Pool	\$ 2,948,120 304,901	\$ - -	\$ 2,948,120 304,901	
Total	\$ 3,253,021	\$ -	\$ 3,253,021	

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### D. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the concentration of the government's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2022, the City did not have investment in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the total City's total investments.

# E. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City,'s investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. The City may and has waived collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits totaled \$773,236 at June 30, 2022. Bank balances were \$1,192,633, the total amount of which was insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

As of June 30, 2022, there were no investments that were required to be identified by GASB Statement No. 40 in relation to custodial credit risk.

# F. Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amount based upon the City's pro-rata share of the amortized cost provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based in the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Although the City did not participate in any securities lending transactions or enter into any reverse repurchase agreements during the year, the City does have an investment in LAIF in the amount of \$2,948,120. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members designated by State statute. The value of the pool shares in LAIF, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the City's position in the pool.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### G. Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority

The City maintains an investment of \$315,393 in the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA) Pool as of June 30, 2022. The total amount invested by all participants in the pool is \$154,843,564. The value of the pool shares which may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the City's portion in the pool. The fair value of the City's share of the pool is determined monthly and is \$304,901 as of June 30, 2022. The pool is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission; however, it is managed by a registered investment advisor. Participation in the pool is voluntary. The pool's average maturity is 2.73 years, and the average rating is AA/Aa1. The pool consists of 49% Securities of U.S. Government Agencies, 26% U.S. Corporate Obligations and 25% other. The pool complies with the City's investment policy.

# H. Investment Valuation

The City categorizes the fair value of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Fair value measurements of the City's investments are as follows at June 30, 2022:

- Investments in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are valued at \$2,948,120 based on the
  City's pro-rata share of the amortized cost provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio. LAIF
  invests in numerous types of investments ranging all levels of the fair value hierarchy.
  Accordingly, LAIF is not an investment type that can be categorized in any particular level in the
  fair value hierarchy.
- Investments in the CSJVRMA Investment Pool (CSJVRMA) are valued at \$304,901 based on the
  City's pro-rata share of the fair market value provided by CSJVRMA for the entire CSJVRMA
  portfolio. CSJVRMA invests in numerous types of investments ranging all levels of the fair value
  hierarchy. Accordingly, CSJVRMA is not an investment type that can be categorized in any
  particular level in the fair value hierarchy.

# NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following for the governmental funds:

	(	General Fund	Me	easure V Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental	\$	130,348	\$	84,984	\$ 154,397	\$	369,729
Loans		229,333		-	490,827		720,160
Franchise fees		29,430		-	-		29,430
Interest		1,475		-	99		1,574
Allowance for uncollectibles					 		
Total receivables	\$	390,586	\$	84,984	\$ 645,323	\$	1,120,893

# **NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES** (Continued)

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following for the enterprise funds:

	W	ater Fund	Se	wer Fund	Ref	use Fund	Е	Total nterprise Funds
Receivables:								
Utilities	\$	12,857	\$	112,350	\$	87,390	\$	212,597
Intergovernmental		629,329		-		-		629,329
Interest		85		2,640		112		2,837
Interest, restricted		978		444		-		1,422
Allowance for uncollectibles						<u>-</u>		
Total receivables	\$	643,249	\$	115,434	\$	87,502	\$	846,185

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following for the fiduciary funds:

	C	Custodial Funds
Receivables: Utilities Allowance for uncollectibles	\$	237,635
Total receivables	\$	237,635

# **NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

## A. Interfund Loans Receivable and Payable

The following schedule summarizes the City's interfund activity for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Due				
	From	То				
Major Funds:		•				
General Fund	\$ 374,038	\$ -				
Measure V Fund	1,268,971	-				
Water Fund	-	1,166,748				
Sewer Fund	72,894	-				
Refuse Fund	-	232,337				
Nonmajor Funds:						
COPS Hiring Grant 2014 Fund	-	69,642				
Gas Tax 2107 Fund		9,018				
STP Exchange Fund	-	12,789				
CMAQ Fund	-	14,850				
Local Transportation Fund	51,455	-				
RMRA Fund	81,576	-				
DOJ Tobacco Grant Fund	-	45,686				
Fiduciary Funds:						
Custodial Funds	-	297,864				
Total	\$ 1,848,934	\$ 1,848,934				

The balances totaling \$1,848,934 due to the various funds identified above represent short-term borrowings resulting from a temporary need for additional cash. This amount is expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

# **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance			
	July 1, 2021			Balance
	(Restated)	Acquisitions	Dispositions	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:				
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 55,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,000
	863,870	391,880	· -	1,255,750
Construction in progress				1,200,700
Total nondepreciable assets	918,870	391,880		1,310,750
Depreciable assets:				
Machinery and equipment	358,647	_	-	358,647
Vehicles	508,350	250,504	-	758,854
Buildings and structures	122,013	6,451	-	128,464
Improvements	928,748	-	-	928,748
Infrastructure	4,103,543			4,103,543
Total depreciable assets	6,021,301	256,955		6,278,256
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	(222,472)	(22,513)	-	(244,985)
Vehicles	(357,523)	(49,011)	-	(406,534)
Buildings and structures	(57,020)	(6,171)	-	(63,191)
Improvements	(451,833)	(43,784)	-	(495,617)
Infrastructure	(1,137,572)	(82,072)		(1,219,644)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,226,420)	(203,551)		(2,429,971)
Depreciable assets, net	3,794,881	53,404		3,848,285
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,713,751	\$ 445,284	\$ -	\$ 5,159,035

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General Government	\$ 6,262
Public Safety	49,002
Parks	34,236
Public Works	 114,051
Total	\$ 203,551

#### **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS** (Continued)

Capital assets activity of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Acquisitions	Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2022
Business-Type Activities: Nondepreciable assets:				
Construction in progress	\$ 1,245,264	\$ 1,758,610	\$ -	\$ 3,003,874
Total nondepreciable assets	1,245,264	1,758,610	<del>_</del>	3,003,874
Depreciable assets:				
Vehicles	228,517	97,620	-	326,137
Buildings and improvements	5,219,629	-	-	5,219,629
Machinery and equipment	497,396			497,396
Total depreciable assets	5,945,542	97,620		6,043,162
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Vehicles	(134,092)	(19,581)	-	(153,673)
Buildings and improvements	(4,064,049)	(60,263)	-	(4,124,312)
Machinery and equipment	(343,277)	(35,174)		(378,451)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,541,418)	(115,018)	<u>-</u>	(4,656,436)
Depreciable assets, net	1,404,124	(17,398)		1,386,726
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,649,388	\$ 1,741,212	\$ -	\$ 4,390,600

Depreciation expense for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was charged as follows:

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Water	\$ 19,058
Sewer	65,421
Refuse	 30,539
Total	\$ 115,018

#### **NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### A. Finance Purchases

The City's has entered into various lease agreements as a lessee for financing the acquisition of various City vehicles and equipment. These lease agreements do not meet the requirements for reporting as a lease under GASB87 and have been classified as finance purchases. The leases are secured by the related assets for the outstanding balance of the direct borrowing with varying rates of interest from 4.00% - 6.75%. The direct borrowings contain provisions whereby if the City is unable to make payment or does not comply with the lease purchase agreements, the issuer may declare all amounts due and payable.

	Balance ne 30, 2021	curred or Issued	_	atisfied or Matured	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022	Due	Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Direct Borrowing:								
Finance Purchases	\$ 66,927	\$ 133,066	\$	(38,022)	\$	161,971	\$	45,484
Total governmental activities	\$ 66,927	\$ 133,066	\$	(38,022)	\$	161,971	\$	45,484
Business-Type Activities: Direct Borrowing:								
Finance Purchases	\$ 34,544	\$ -	\$	(11,476)	\$	23,068	\$	10,816
Notes payable	 1,169,923	 <u>-</u>		(116,155)		1,053,768		118,719
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,204,467	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(127,631)	\$	1,076,836	\$	129,535

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

#### **Finance Purchases - Governmental Activities:**

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 45,484	\$ 7,352	\$ 52,836
2024	33,140	4,678	37,818
2025	25,822	3,208	29,030
2026	16,553	2,234	18,787
2027	16,541	1,505	18,046
2028-2029	 24,431	 824	25,255
Total	\$ 161,971	\$ 19,801	\$ 181,772

#### Finance Purchases - Business-Type Activities:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal	 nterest	Total
2023 2024 2025	\$ 10,816 11,131 1,121	\$ 1,217 536 31	\$ 12,033 11,667 1,152
Total	\$ 23,068	\$ 1,784	\$ 24,852

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### B. Notes Payable

#### 2019 Refunding of USDA Wastewater Loan, Series 1991-A

On April 15, 2019, the City refinanced the Dos Palos Wastewater JPA Series-A debt in the City's name as a City obligation, for a total amount of \$1,385,050. The note has a stated interest rate of 3.02% and is payable in semi-annual payments in April and October. The City received nothing in exchange other than a reduction in the JPA's budgeted expense billings to the City. The note is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the City's Sewer Fund. There is a provision in the agreement whereby if the City is unable to make payment or does not comply with the covenants of the agreement, the issuer may declare all amounts due and payable.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity of the 2019 Refunding of USDA Wastewater Loan are as follows:

Fiscal Years					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
	_				
2023	\$ 118,719	\$ 30,031	\$	148,750	
2024	121,102	26,410		147,512	
2025	123,298	22,719		146,017	
2026	129,507	18,902		148,409	
2027	135,386	14,902		150,288	
2028-2032	 425,756	 19,597		445,353	
Total	\$ 1,053,768	\$ 132,561	\$	1,186,329	

#### NOTE 7 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note 1. As shown in the table below, the long-term portion of this debt is expected to be paid in future years from future resources. There is no fixed payment schedule for compensated absences. In prior years, compensated absences have been liquidated primarily by the General Fund and the proprietary funds.

The balance of compensated absences for the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities	\$	116,160	\$	38,490
Business-Type Activities	\$	94,770	\$	16,788

#### NOTE 8 - NON-CITY OBLIGATIONS - PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY

The Dos Palos Public Financing Authority (the Authority) was established pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated October 17, 1989, by and between the City and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Dos Palos (the Agency). The Authority was created for the purpose of providing financing for public capital improvements for the City, the Agency and other local agencies. While the Authority could be considered a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes, its financial activity (assets, liabilities, equity and revenue) is not reported within the funds of the City, because all of its debt is non-commitment debt secured solely by the revenue stream from special assessment districts who benefit from infrastructure improvements financed by the Authority. Cash held by the City on a temporary basis for the Authority is reported as an Agency Fund.

The Authority has issued two series of Local Agency Revenue Bonds as follows:

Series A - Issued April 1, 1990 in the amount of \$12,100,000 with interest at 7.90%, payable semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st of each year, commencing October 1, 1990.

Series B - Issued April 1, 1990 in the amount of \$400,000 with interest at 11.00%, payable semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st of each year commencing October 1, 1990.

The bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the Series A and B revenues and investment earnings. The bonds are not a debt or liability of the City, the Agency or the State of California and will be payable solely from the funds generated by the Authority.

#### **NOTE 9 – JOINT VENTURES**

The City is a member of two joint ventures, the "Water Quality Improvement Joint Powers Agency For The Dos Palos Area" (JPA) and the "Wastewater Disposal Joint Powers Agency For The Dos Palos Area". These joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial statements because the City does not exercise control over them. A brief description of each JPA's activity is reported below:

#### A. Water Quality Improvement Joint Powers Agency for the Dos Palos Area

The City is a participant in this JPA whose responsibility is to establish a common water supply and delivery system for the member participants.

The participants in this JPA and their share of participation are as follows:

City of Dos Palos	69%
South Dos Palos J.P.A.	23%
Eastside Water Association	4%
B&B Water Association	4%
Total	100%

The governing Board consists of two members from each entity who are solely responsible for establishing rates. A budget is prepared and adopted on an annual basis. Complete financial statements for Water Quality Improvement Joint Powers Agency For The Dos Palos Area can be obtained from the Agency's contract office at the City of Dos Palos at 1546 Golden Gate Ave., Dos Palos, California.

The City is contingently liable for its pro-rata portion of the loan made by the Farmers Home Administration (FMHA) to finance the infrastructure of this project.

#### **NOTE 9 – JOINT VENTURES** (Continued)

#### B. Wastewater Disposal Joint Powers Agency for the Dos Palos Area

The City is a participant in this JPA whose responsibility is to maintain a common wastewater treatment and disposal system for the member participants.

The participants in this JPA and their share of participation are as follows:

City of Dos Palos	77%
South Dos Palos Co. Water District	12%
Midway Community Services District	11%
Total	100%

The governing Board consists of two members from each entity who are solely responsible for establishing rates. A budget is prepared and adopted on an annual basis. Complete financial statements for Wastewater Disposal Joint Powers Agency For The Dos Palos Area can be obtained from the Agency's contract office at the City of Dos Palos at 1546 Golden Gate Ave., Dos Palos, California.

#### **NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City participates with other public entities in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement which establishes the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

The City retains the risk for the first \$25,000 in claims paid for Auto and General Liability claims. Workers' Compensation risk is also retained for the first \$10,000 in claims paid. The City is covered for the first \$1,000,000 of each general liability claim and \$250,000 of each worker's compensation claim through the CSJVRMA. The City has the right to receive dividends or the obligation to pay assessments based on a formula which, among other expenses, charges the City's account for liability losses under \$1,000,000 and workers' compensation losses under \$50,000. The CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool which provides general liability coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000. The CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool which provides Workers' Compensation coverage from \$250,000 to \$500,000 and purchases excess insurance above the \$500,000 to the statutory limit.

The CSJVRMA is a consortium of fifty-four (54) cities in San Joaquin Valley, California. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors, which meets 3-4 times per year, consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business is handled by a management group employed by the CSJVRMA.

#### NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The financial position and results of operations for the CSJVRMA (audited), as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Total assets	\$ 150,8	37,823
Total liabilities	118,6	63,929
Total net position	\$ 32,1	73,894
		_
Revenues	\$ 66,8	85,024
Expenses	55,5	57,907
Change in net position	\$ 11,3	27,117

At the termination of the joint powers agreement and after all claims have been settled, any excess or deficit will be divided among the cities in accordance with its governing documents.

#### **NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Legal Activities

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not be material to these financial statements.

#### B. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### **NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS**

#### A. General Information About the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (the Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors four rate plans (two miscellaneous and two safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Miscell	Miscellaneous			
	1st Tier	PEPRA			
	Prior to	On or after			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	3% @ 60	2% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 60	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	2.0 % to 3.0%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8%	6.75%			
Required employer contribution rates	14.540%	7.590%			

	Saf	ety
	1st Tier	PEPRA
	Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	13%
Required employer contribution rates	22.480%	13.130%

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund, if applicable. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$276,864 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### A. General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

The City's contributions to the plan recognized as part of pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$429,793.

### B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$1,898,378.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as a proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.0321%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.0351%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0030%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$408,984. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 492,011	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions	-		-		
Differences between actual and expected experience	240,945		-		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on					
plan investments	-		1,524,417		
Change in employer's proportion	159,890		9,742		
Differences between the employer's actual contributions					
and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	 		226,303		
Total	\$ 892,846	\$	1,760,462		

#### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

### B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

\$429,793 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	
June 30	
2023	(291,345)
2024	(305,510)
2025	(341,832)
2026	(420,940)
2027	-
Thereafter	_

#### C. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry- Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% <sup>(1)</sup>
	Derived using CalPERS
Mortality	Membership Data for all Funds <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

#### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### C. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the experience study can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### D. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected PERF cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class <sup>(a)</sup>	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 <sup>(b)</sup>	Real Return Years 11+ <sup>(c)</sup>
Public Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

<sup>(</sup>a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities

<sup>(</sup>b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>(</sup>c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### D. <u>Discount Rate</u> (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

Disc	ount Rate -1%	Disco	ount Rate +1%			
	6.15%	7.15%	8.15%			
\$	3,904,618	\$ 1,898,378	\$	244,132		

#### E. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### F. Payable to the Pension Plan

The City did not have an outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **NOTE 13 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCE**

The following funds contained a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2022. Future revenues or transfers from other funds are expected to offset these deficits.

Nonmajor governmental funds:	
Cops Hiring Grant 2014	\$ 4,362
Gas Tax 2107	7,826
STP Exchange	14,884
CMAQ Fund	14,850
DOJ Tobacco Grant Fund	45,686
Major rnterprise funds:	

Refuse Fund \$ 385,085

#### **NOTE 14 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS**

#### A. Restatement of Net Position/Fund Balance

The City has restated fund balance and net position for various funds as a result of capitalized expenditures and revenues that were not recorded in prior years. The beginning fund balance and net position of the funds identified below have been restated as presented in the following reconciliation:

	Governm	nent-Wide	Governmental Funds	Enterprise Funds
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type	DOJ Tobacco Grant Fund	Water Fund
Fund balance/net position, June 30, 2021, as previously reported	5,986,574	1,702,371	(33,969)	673,720
Prior period adjustments:				
Understatement of capital assets	853,916	-	-	-
Understatement of revenue	57,561	123,259	57,561	123,259
Total prior period adjustments	911,477	1,825,630	57,561	123,259
Fund balance/net position, July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 6,898,051	\$ 1,825,630	\$ 23,592	\$ 796,979

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CITY OF DOS PALOS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Final		Actual	Variance with			
REVENUES		Бийдег		Budget		Actual	Final Budget			
	•	400.000	•	400.000	•	100 ==0	•	47.550		
Property taxes	\$	403,000	\$	403,000	\$	420,559	\$	17,559		
Property taxes - in-lieu of vehicle license fees		440,577		440,577		508,283		67,706		
Sales and use taxes		550,000		550,000		545,238		(4,762)		
Other taxes		15,000		15,000		15,220		220		
Intergovernmental		83,500		83,500		95,430		11,930		
Licenses, fees and permits		203,300		203,300		209,292		5,992		
Other		25,600		25,600		14,983		(10,617)		
Charges for services		201,900		201,900		186,403		(15,497)		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		5,000		5,000		4,965		(35)		
Investment earnings (losses)		15,000	_	15,000		(10,631)		(25,631)		
Total revenues		1,942,877		1,942,877		1,989,742		46,865		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		217,600		217,600		248,529		(30,929)		
Public safety		1,428,662		1,428,662		1,593,372		(164,710)		
Public works		170,700		170,700		320,540		(149,840)		
Parks		68,000		68,000		63,500		4,500		
Recreation		16,000		16,000		19,317		(3,317)		
Debt service:		.,		,		-,-		(-,-,		
Principal		24,915		24,915		30,679		(5,764)		
Interest		17,000	17,000		18,648			(1,648)		
Total expenditures	_	1,942,877		1,942,877		2,294,585		(351,708)		
, ota, o.poa		.,0 .2,0 .		.,0,0			-	(00.,.00)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		_		-		(304,843)		(304,843)		
. , .										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from finance purchases						133,066		133,066		
Total allow for an above a common (common)						400.000		400.000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<del>-</del>				133,066		133,066		
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		(171,777)	\$	(171,777)		
Fund balance - beginning						1,867,511				
Fund balance - ending					\$	1,695,734				

#### CITY OF DOS PALOS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE V FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget		 Final Budget	 Actual		riance with al Budget	
REVENUES							
Other taxes	\$	288,000	\$ 288,000	\$ 580,176	\$	292,176	
Total revenues		288,000	 288,000	 580,176		292,176	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public works		288,000	 288,000	 283,218		4,782	
Total expenditures		288,000	 288,000	 283,218		4,782	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures			 	 296,958	_	296,958	
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ 	296,958	\$	296,958	
Fund balance - beginning				 1,026,906			
Fund balance - ending				\$ 1,323,864			

#### CITY OF DOS PALOS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. As a General Law City, the City is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the City Council's policy is to adopt an annual line-item budget for the General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds to maintain administrative control. This budget is adopted in total by resolution and, accordingly, the legal level of control of expenditures for the City as a whole. The City Manager may authorize budget transfers between funds or departments, provided the budgeted expenditures in total do not increase. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital project funds.

#### NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

As of June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual fund as follows:

Appropriations Category	 Budget	Actual	Variance			
General Fund:						
Current:						
General government	\$ 217,600	\$ 248,529	\$	(30,929)		
Public safety	1,428,662	1,593,372		(164,710)		
Public works	170,700	320,540		(149,840)		
Recreation	16,000	19,317		(3,317)		
Debt service:						
Principal	24,915	30,679		(5,764)		
Interest	17,000	18,648		(1,648)		

#### CITY OF DOS PALOS SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		2021		2022
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0246%	0.0270%	0.0293%	0.0297%	0.0301%	0.0310%		0.0321%		0.0351%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,543,673	\$ 1,850,619	\$ 2,531,729	\$ 2,949,546	\$ 2,903,279	\$ 3,178,282	\$	3,492,682	\$	1,898,378
Covered payroll	\$ 962,437	\$ 1,129,984	\$ 1,125,105	\$ 1,322,138	\$ 1,083,931	\$ 1,013,390	\$	1,303,412	\$	1,501,616
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	160.39%	163.77%	225.02%	223.09%	267.85%	313.63%		267.96%		126.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.51%	82.11%	76.68%	76.02%	77.47%	76.99%		75.63%		87.41%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms - None

**Changes of Assumptions** - None

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### CITY OF DOS PALOS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 157,55	, , ,	\$ 250,448	\$ 265,564	\$ 274,479	\$ 304,502	\$ 360,044	\$ 429,793	\$ 492,011		
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	157,550 \$	161,715	<u>250,448</u> \$ -	265,564 \$ -	<u>274,479</u> \$ -	304,502 \$ -	360,044 \$ -	<u>429,793</u> \$ -	492,011 \$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 962,43	\$1,129,984	\$ 1,125,105	\$ 1,322,138	\$ 1,083,931	\$ 1,013,390	\$ 1,303,412	\$ 1,501,616	\$ 1,713,003		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.37	6 14.31%	22.26%	20.09%	25.32%	30.05%	27.62%	28.62%	28.72%		

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CITY OF DOS PALOS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Storm Drain Fees		Cops Hiring Grant 2014		Gas Tax 2106			Gas Tax 2107	Co	Traffic ongestion Relief	Gas Tax 2107.5		Gas Tax 2105		Gas Tax 2103		E	STP xchange
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	638	\$		\$	1,253	\$ -		\$ 18,762		\$ 3,463		\$	7,187	\$ 17,248		\$	
Receivables	Ψ	55	Ψ	65,280	Ψ	1,583	Ψ	3,686	Ψ	10,702	Ψ	3,403	Ψ	2,680	Ψ	2,902	Ψ	67,712
Due from other funds				-		-		-						2,000		-		-
Total assets	\$	693	\$	65,280	\$	2,836	\$	3,686	\$	18,762	\$	3,463	\$	9,867	\$	20,150	\$	67,712
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,494	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,070	\$	1,172	\$	2,095
Due to other funds	<u> </u>			69,642			_	9,018			<u> </u>			-	<u> </u>	-		12,789
Total liabilities				69,642			_	11,512						1,070		1,172		14,884
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Unavailable revenues					_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		67,712
Total deferred inflows of resources							_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>								67,712
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																		
Restricted for:																		
Street maintenance		693		-		-		-		18,762		-		8,797		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Housing rehab		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		<u>-</u>		(4,362)		2,836	_	(7,826)		<u>-</u>		3,463		<u>-</u>		18,978		(14,884)
Total fund balances (deficits)		693		(4,362)		2,836	_	(7,826)		18,762		3,463		8,797		18,978		(14,884)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	693	\$	65,280	\$	2,836	\$	3,686	\$	18,762	\$	3,463	\$	9,867	\$	20,150	\$	67,712

#### **CITY OF DOS PALOS** COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

	EA nange	CMAQ Fund	Tran	Local sportation Fund		RMRA	J Tobacco ant Fund	CDBG Grant Fund		CDBG Grant		EDBG Grant		CE	BG Grant	Totals		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds	\$ 63 - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - 51,455	\$	10,552 81,576	\$ - - -	\$	41,763 217,535	\$	5,000 155,908	\$	63,086 813	\$	116,617 -	\$	158,463 645,323 133,031	
Total assets	\$ 63	\$ 	\$	51,455	\$	92,128	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	259,298	\$	160,908	\$	63,899	\$	116,617	\$	936,817	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - 14,850	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	10,452	\$ - 45,686	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	17,283 151,985	
Total liabilities	 	 14,850			_	10,452	 45,686		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-				_	169,268	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues	 	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			 										67,712	
Total deferred inflows of resources  FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 	 <del>-</del>		<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				67,712	
Restricted for: Street maintenance Economic development Housing rehab Unassigned	 63 - -	 - - - (14,850)		51,455 - - -		81,676 - -	- - - (45,686)		- - 259,298 -		- - 160,908 -		- 63,899 - -		- - 116,617 -		161,446 63,899 536,823 (62,331)	
Total fund balances (deficits)	 63	(14,850)		51,455	_	81,676	 (45,686)		259,298		160,908		63,899		116,617		699,837	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 63	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	51,455	\$	92,128	\$ 	\$	259,298	\$	160,908	\$	63,899	\$	116,617	\$	936,817	

# CITY OF DOS PALOS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Storm Drain Fees	Cops Hiring Grant 2014	Gas Tax 2106	Gas Tax 2107	Traffic Cong Relief	Gas Tax 2107.5	Gas Tax 2105	Gas Tax 2103	STP Exchange	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings (losses)	\$ 106		\$ 18,617 	\$ 37,144	\$ - -	\$ 2,000	\$ 31,049 	\$ 44,196 	\$ - -	
Total revenues	106	165,301	18,617	37,144		2,000	31,049	44,196	<u>-</u>	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Public works Debt service: Principal	14,727	,	20,626 	44,372 598		- 654 	- 29,518 -	35,773 	- 56,521 <u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	14,727	171,711	20,626	44,970		654	29,518	35,773	56,521	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,621	(6,410)	(2,009)	(7,826)		1,346	1,531	8,423	(56,521)	
Net change in fund balances	(14,621	) (6,410)	(2,009)	(7,826)	-	1,346	1,531	8,423	(56,521)	
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	15,314	2,048	4,845		18,762	2,117	7,266	10,555	41,637	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 693	\$ (4,362)	\$ 2,836	\$ (7,826)	\$ 18,762	\$ 3,463	\$ 8,797	\$ 18,978	\$ (14,884)	

# CITY OF DOS PALOS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

	TE Exch		MAQ Fund		Local Transp Fund		RMRA		DOJ Tobacco Grant Fund		DBG Grant	CDBG Grant		EDBG Grant		CDBG Grant		Totals
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Use of money and property	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	5,677	\$	112,613 -	\$	33,618 -	\$	(2,168)	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$ 450,215 (2,062)
Total revenues			 <u>-</u>		5,677		112,613		33,618		(2,168)							 448,153
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Public works Debt service:		-	- 13,504		- -		93,930		102,896 -		- -		-		- -		- -	274,607 309,625
Principal Principal			 		<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>											 598
Total expenditures			 13,504				93,930		102,896		<u> </u>							 584,830
Revenues over (under) expenditures			 (13,504)	-	5,677		18,683		(69,278)		(2,168)	-						 (136,677)
Net change in fund balances		-	(13,504)		5,677		18,683		(69,278)		(2,168)		-		-		-	(136,677)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		63	(1,346)		45,778		62,993		23,592		261,466	-	160,908		63,899		116,617	 836,514
Fund balances - ending	\$	63	\$ (14,850)	\$	51,455	\$	81,676	\$	(45,686)	\$	259,298	\$	160,908	\$	63,899	\$	116,617	\$ 699,837